Department of Public Safety Records & Technology Division Records Bureau

NCJIS Advisory Committee Meeting September 19, 2012 Julie Butler, Records Bureau Chief



CCH Modernization Study

- Retained MTG Management
 Consultants in late 2011 to conduct study of:
 - Computerized Criminal History System (CCH)
 - Offender Tracking Information System (OTIS)
 - Domestic Violence Protection Order Registry
- Recommend path for replacement



The Need...

- All critical systems
- Not vendor-supported and not sustainable
- "Ancient" technology
- Soon to lose staff support through retirements
- Hard to recruit/retain staff with needed skills at DPS salary levels
- Cannot comply with federal requirements for criminal history record sharing
- Cannot accommodate new features and requirements from outside influences



The Results...

- Current DPS environment is "overly complex"
- Can't simply replace the CCH without replacing
 - Law Enforcement Message Switch
 - Hot Files
 - Underlying indices and system data stores
- 20-50% risk of Failure within next 3 years



Recommendations...

- Go with Commercial Off-the-Shelf (COTS) products rather than custom-built solutions
- Build an environment that supports key federal standards and requirements
 - III (Triple I) Compliance
 - Compact Council & National Fingerprint File
 - CJIS Security Policy
- Compartmentalized applications and products



The Road Map...

- 6 Major Initiatives and 44 mini-projects
 - Program Initiation and Management
 - Migration Preparation
 - Core Environment Replacement (CCH, Switch Hot Files)
 - OTIS Replacement
 - Data Migration
 - Access Enhancement
- 6-year time span
- \$18 million dollars



Costs of Doing Nothing...

- Emergency replacement for failed system
 - Significantly increased costs
 - Less-than-ideal solutions
- Potentially tragic event as a result of system failure could lead to:
 - Time and effort responding to public scrutiny
 - Time, effort, and cost of legal actions
 - Forensic technical evaluations
 - Loss of confidence in DPS solutions



Current Status...

- Educating decision-makers on the need
- Seeking grant funding to pay for some initial components and other funding to pay for remainder
- Submitted two work programs to Interim Finance Committee for initial planning efforts
 - 3 new positions
 - Middleware Proof-of-Concept



Q & A







NGI Users Conference August 15, 2012

NEXT GENERATION IDENTIFICATION

Atlanta, Georgia

RAP BACK
RAPID MOBILE ID
IRIS
FACIAL

LATENTS

PALMS





2012 NGI USERS CONFERENCE



August 15, 2012 – Atlanta, GA

AGENDA

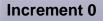
- Welcome/NGI Update & Overview
- Repository for Individuals of Special Concern (RISC)
- Iris Pilot
- Rap Back
- Latents and Palms
- Interstate Photo System
- Final Comments/Adjourn





NGI Implementation Schedule







Advanced Technology Workstations

- Replace obsolete hardware
- Provide high resolution of biometrics

Increment 1



Initial Operational Capability

- •Identification Fingerprint Search Capability
- •More accurate searches
- •Better support for rolled/flat processing

Increment 2



RISC and Initial NGI Infrastructure

- •Repository for Individuals of Special Concern (RISC)
- Rapid mobile searches
- •RISC Web Services

Increment 3



Palms and Latents

- Investigative Palm Print search capabilities
- National Palm Print repository
- Latent Enhancements
- Unsolved Latent File cascaded searches
- Rapid DHS CBP response

Increment 4



Rap Back, Facial, Photo/SMT Search Capabilities

- Faster Response Times
- Facial and SMT searches
- IAFIS Functionality Replaced
- Verification
- Enhanced Interoperability
- Disposition type of transactions
- Web Services

Increment 5



Iris Pilot

Trade study report

Conduct Iris Pilot based on trade study results

Increment 6

Technology Refreshment

2010 2014





Next Generation Identification



On Scope



- NGI is a \$ 1.2 Billion program: 7 years of development, 3 years of O&M
 - 2 years of development remaining until Full Operational Capability
- Deployed capabilities are being utilized nationally

On Schedule

- Inc 1 deployed one month ahead of schedule
- ➤ Inc 2 deployed on schedule
- ➤ Inc 3 currently in testing & on schedule
- Inc 4 in development & on schedule
- ➤ Inc 5 Iris pilot in development & on schedule



On Cost

Continue to operate within budget





Rapid Mobile Fingerprint Identification Search of the RISC – David L. Jones

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Repository for Individuals of Special Concern (RISC)



Became nationally available in August 2011

Resulting Benefits

- Provides a rapid mobile fingerprint identification search using 2-10 rolled or flat fingerprint images
 - Expands identification capabilities from the booking environment to a mobile environment
 - ➤ Biometric searches of "high value" subjects (IAFIS subset)
 - Provides the "Street Cop" the ability to quickly assess subject's threat level

Datasets Searched

- ➤ Wanted Persons with FBI Numbers in the NCIC entry
- > Immigration Violator File Records
- Sexual Offender Registry subjects
- ➤ Known or Appropriately Suspected Terrorists
- Other Persons of Special Interest





RISC Rapid Mobile Identification Service



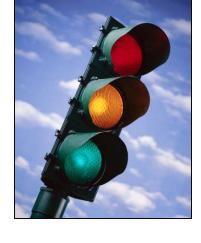
Response Content

- Returns a Red-Yellow-or Green response
 - Red Highly Probable Candidate(s)
 - Yellow Possible Candidate(s)
 - ➢ Green No Hit in RISC





- Master Name, FBI Number, and Limited NCIC Fields (WW and KST)
 - Offense Field
 - Original Offense Code Field
 - Caution and Medical Conditions Field
 - Subgroup Field (SGP) Handling Code Caveat







RISC Summary



RISC Totals:

Over 648,000 searches

Average daily transactions:

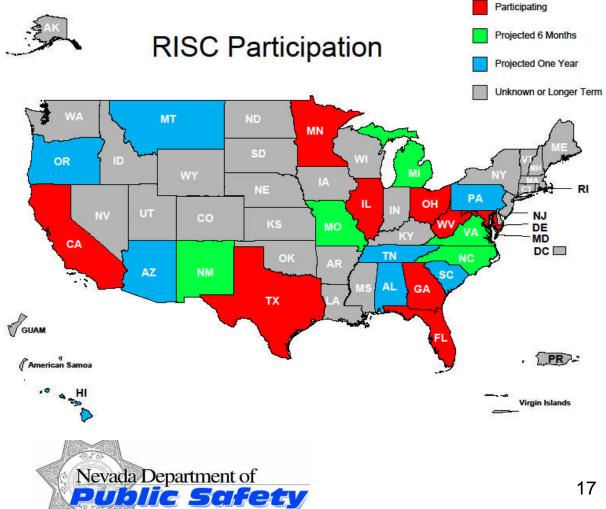
Over 800

Average Red Hit Rate:

6-10% weekly

Average response time:

7.42 Seconds





Iris Pilot Chad Rhoades NEXT GENERATION IDENTIFICATION

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Why Iris?



- ➤ Speed
 - Under one minute
- ➤ Accuracy
 - ➤ 98.4% for a single iris
- > Hardware
 - Approximately 1KB per iris
 - ➤ Tenprint records can range from 30KB to 100KB

Nevada Department of

- Less interaction
 - Quick and clean capture potential







- Develop and deploy a pilot system capable of performing iris image recognition services
- > Evaluation opportunities for:
 - Iris technology in a large scale operational setting
 - Iris capture devices to establish a certification program
- Search one to many mode
 - > Return top candidate
- Provide operational observations to assist the FBI in planning efforts for NGI's national iris service







- Seed an iris repository
- Leverage the National Sheriff's Association Partnership

Over 350 Sheriff's Offices and Correctional Agencies in 47 states participating in an iris project

- Ongoing discussions
 - California
 - > Colorado
 - Missouri
 - New York
 - Pennsylvania
- Department of Defense
- Department of Homeland Security









- > Correctional Facilities currently using iris recognition
 - Monitor entry and egress of inmates, visitors, and staff
 - Verify the identity of an inmate appearing in court
 - > Account for who is in a facility in the event of an emergency
 - Verify the identity of an inmate being transferred from one facility to another (if enrolled in the national pilot)
- Correctional Facilities NOT currently using iris recognition
 - Provide assistance for subject enrollment and technology implementation
 - > Provide guidance in procuring applicable iris recognition system







- Supervised Release
 - > Tracking offenders on probation and parole
- Sex Offender Registration
 - > Approximately 800,000 registered sex offenders in the U.S.
 - > Register, track and quickly identify sex offenders





Iris Recognition Pilot Summary









Rap Back Overview John Kane

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Rap Back Overview/Features



- ➤ The NGI Rap Back Service was developed in response to a need for notification of activity that occurs after the initial processing and retention of fingerprint transactions
 - ➤ Scheduled implementation in Summer 2014
- SIB/interface agency/channeling agency is responsible for routing information to authorized designees
- Subscriptions available for both criminal and civil submissions





Rap Back Service



Features

- Offer flexible subscription options
 - ➤ User-defined expiration dates
 - Provide ability to opt out of receiving state triggered events
 - ➤ Multiple subscription options
 - > Type of Notification
 - > Pre-notification
 - > Triggering Event
 - ➤ Full Identity History Summary
- One-time fee for civil submissions, no fee for criminal justice purposes
 - ➤ Fee study in progress; initial Rap Back rate available at least one year prior to service availability





Rap Back Triggers



- Criminal retain submission
 - Criminal Print Ident CPI
- Dispositions
- Civil for limited purposes
- Expungement/Partial Expungement
- Warrants
- Sex Offender Registry entry
- Death Notices





Rap Back Focus Group



- Compact Council formed Rap Back Task Force
 - ➤ Initial meeting August 11-12, 2009
- ➤ The Task Force was redefined as the Rap Back Focus Group to concentrate on operational and policy impacts related to Rap Back implementation
 - Established June 2011
 - ➤ Next meeting is on August 23, 2012
- ➤ Instrumental in providing guidance on CONOPS, privacy mitigation strategies; will provide direction on development of Implementation Guide





Other Rap Back Activities



- NGI Implementation and Transition Unit developed a Business Concept of Operations Document to provide information to system implementers on the concept of services available for the NGI Rap Back Service.
- Currently developing Rap Back Policy and Implementation Guides (for both Criminal and non-Criminal Justice users) to provide a roadmap of required policies and operations to entities who want to participate in NGI's Rap Back program.
- State outreach with users to better examine policy/operational implementation issues





Privacy Mitigation Tools



- Existing state practices to mitigate privacy risk may not be sufficient for federal Rap Back participation
- NGI Rap Back must protect against three potential risks:
 - Release of CHRI to unauthorized persons
 - Release of PII
 - > Extended retention of subscriptions no longer of interest to an agency
- Tools Identified for Mitigating the Risks
 - Training and Auditing
 - Pre-notification
 - Validation
 - Expiration Date
 - Specific Language to Notify Applicants of Use of Fingerprints and CHRI
 - Use of Formalized Subscription Management Procedures





"One Size Does Not Fit All"



- Can we create a suite of strategies that are adequate and workable across the country?
- Plan for moving forward:
 - Pre-Notification with Validation or Mandatory Expiration within Three Years
 - Authority for Term of License
 - Statutory Authority for Set Term
 - One-Year Validation or Expiration
 - Subscription Synchronization Through Automated or Formalized Procedures





Next Steps



- Continue information gathering through Rap Back Focus Group/Standards/Compact Council
- Provide criminal justice considerations to the ISCG and proceed through the Identification Services Subcommittee/APB
- Continued development of privacy documents (e.g., Privacy Impact Assessment) for civil retention authority and Rap Back service
- Site visits with end users to better vet implementation issues





Latents and Palms Nick Megna NEXT GENERATION DENTIFICATION

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Palm Prints, Latents and Rapid Response



- > Status...
- Working towards System Acceptance Review
- Collected over 4.4 million palm prints
 - > 29 States & 9 Federal Agencies
- EBTS 9.3 Published
 - > Expected Results
 - Enables latent palm prints to be searched Nationwide
 - Enhanced Latent Functionality and Accuracy
 - Rapid response for DHS Customs and Border



Latent Enhancements



- Perform latent searches of all fingerprint, palm print, and supplemental print event records
- Generate and assign Universal Control Numbers (UCN) to unsolved latent cases
- New Universal Latent Workstation (ULW) software





National Palm Print System



- > Establishes an electronic palm print repository
- Enrollments with tenprint fingerprint submissions
- Bulk Submission Enrollments
- Palm Print Retrieval
- Investigative latent palm print searches
- Searches of known palm prints against the Unsolved Latent File (ULF)





Increment 3 Deployment



- Cutover (March 15, 2013)
 - Anticipated outage timeframe consistent with past NGI deployment
 - Users slow/stop searches 48 hours prior
- Operational customer support available





Interstate Photo System Brian Edgell

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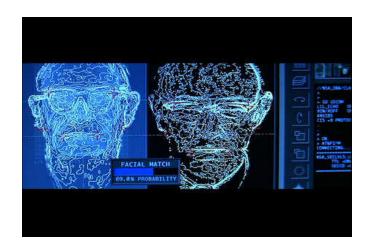




Next Generation Identification Interstate Photo System Initiative



NGI Interstate Photo System (IPS) Initiative







Facial Recognition and Law Enforcement



- Many law enforcement agencies throughout the nation have been utilizing facial recognition successfully for years in the following areas:
 - > Corrections Processing
 - ➤ Identification and Verification at Booking
 - ➤ Mobile Identification Street Level Identification
 - > Investigations
- Pinellas County Sheriff's Office
- Michigan State Police
- Pierce County Sheriff's Department
- South Carolina Law Enforcement Division





Authority/Privacy



Authority:

28 U.S.C. § 534

- ➤ Acquire, collect, classify, and preserve identification, criminal identification, crime, and other records
- Exchange such records and information with, and for the official use of, authorized officials of Federal, State, tribal, and local criminal and noncriminal justice departments and agencies

42 U.S.C. § 3771

➤ The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is authorized to develop new or improved approaches, techniques, systems, equipment, and devices to improve and strengthen criminal justice

Privacy:

- ➤ Facial Recognition was initially addressed by the June 9, 2008 Interstate Photo System (IPS) Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)
- The 2008 IPS PIA is currently being renewed by way of Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA), with an emphasis on Facial Recognition





Policy – Governance



- ➤ Governed as all CJIS Systems (NCIC, IAFIS, N-DEx etc.) under shared management of the CJIS Advisory Policy Board
- Memorandum of Understanding signed by participating agencies
- Limited to authorized criminal justice agencies for criminal justice purposes
- Access to IAFIS and dissemination/use of FBI provided information apply
- > Information will be treated as "law enforcement sensitive"



Interstate Photo System acial Recognition Pilot (IPSFRP) Objective

- ➤ Assess face search capabilities
 - Suitability to support Government requirements

Working Face Pilot

- ➤ Demonstrates reference implementation on real data
- Exercises government technical specifications for face search
- Establishes system metrics and refines business processes
- ➤ Early design reference for NGI Increment 4
- Demonstrates modular and scalable design for plugging in different potential vendor solutions
- ➤ Demonstrates end-to-end face recognition capability





IPSFRP



- External user access to the pilot began in December 2011
- Users submit searches against a National repository of photos
 - ➤ Gallery contains booking images collected at the arrest event (along with tenprint submission to the FBI)
- Law Enforcement Users will receive a ranked investigative candidate list
 - ➤ Minimum 2, default 20, maximum 50
 - > Access within CJIS Security Policies





NGI National Photo Repository



- ➤ Interstate Photo System Repository
 - Most states have submitted photos for searching
 - NGI staff working with states that are not submitting (NFF)
 - Approximately 13 million photos (Mug Shots)
 - NGI staff working with contributors to increase gallery images through Bulk Photo Submissions
 - All photos can trace to fingerprint cards
 - ➤ Identity Based Repository
 - ➤ IAFIS Interstate Identification Index photo updates
 - Enrollment into repository is completed by submitting mug shots with normal Criminal Answer Required (CAR) electronic submission





Investigative Candidate List



> Search Results Biometric (SRB) response

- Includes the number/default of candidates requested
- Candidates will be ranked
- The Universal Control Number (UCN /FNU) of each candidate will be returned
- ➤ The original probe image will be included as "Candidate 0"
- Caveat regarding investigative response









IPS Full Operating Capability



- Scheduled for 2014 as an NGI Increment 4 initiative
- National implementation of Interstate Photo System enhancements.
 - New search functionality
 - > Text based image and SMTs
 - Special Population Cognizant Files
 - > Enhance photo enrollment
 - Enhance photo retrieval
 - Record biometric decisions





Universal Face Workstation Justin Smith NEXT GENERATION DENTIFICATION

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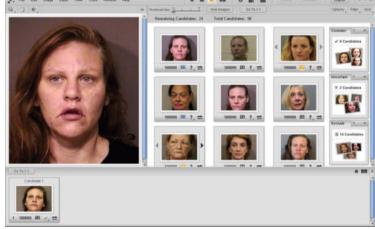




Universal Face Workstation (UFW)

- FBI user software to support access to NGI Face Pilot and NGI System face search capabilities
- Search preparation, submission, and candidate list review
- Cross Platform (Windows, OSX, Linux)
- Built on open source frameworks
- Extensive support for user developed plugins
- Available for authorized Law Enforcement use free of charge









UFW Objectives



- Plan, design, prototype and demonstrate a face workstation which can be freely deployed by the FBI
- Develop services which can be carried over to NGI Increment 4 HMI for face search processing
- Design user interface specifically for face examiners
- Permit examiners to:
 - > Acquire, analyze and enhance images
 - Select sub-frames or sub-images areas for further analysis
 - Submit files to local and remote matching systems
 - > Review, store and match search results





UFW Capabilities



- Extract face images from media/storage devices
- Enhance face images and prepare search TOTs
- Submit face search TOTs to FBI face pilot
- Receive and review candidates in response TOTs
- Request additional images based on FNU/UCN
- Generate reports based on candidate review
- Provide Transaction and Case Management





Coming Soon



- ➤ UFW 1.0 Distribution set for Fall 2012
 - ➤ UFW will be distributed to states and agencies wishing to participate in the FBI Face Pilot that do not currently have a FR system
 - > For more information contact:

Brian Edgell

Brian.Edgell@ic.fbi.gov

304-625-3551

- UFW Application Programming Interface (API)
 - Provides users the ability to incorporate new functionality into UFW User Interface
 - ➤ Available for distribution September 2012



Future of State Hot Files

- Hot File immediate notification to law enforcement that an individual is:
 - -Concealed Weapons Permit holder
 - Dangerous Offender
 - Subject of a Protection Order
 - -Sex Offender
 - -Fugitive from justice (warrants)



National Hot Files Available

21 Files in NCIC

- Stolen items/vehicles/license plates/guns
- Wanted Persons/Foreign Fugitives
- Missing Persons/Unidentified Persons
- Protection Orders
- Sex Offender
- Known or Suspected Terrorist
- Immigration Violators
- Dangerous Person (future)



Future of State Hot Files

- Recommendation of MTG to use national files unless they don't meet Nevada's needs
 - Protection Orders
 - Dangerous Offender Notification
 - Use Business Process Analyst position to study
- Duplication cost vs. benefit



Discussion and Decision

